CHRISTINE HARRINGTON



Student SUCCESS IN COLLEGE



Doing What Works!

RESEARCH-BASED STRATEGIES FOR YOUR Copyright 2019 Cengage Learning. All Rights Reserved. May not be copirACADEMIC/AND CAREER SUCCESS Moving beyond advice, *Student Success in College: Doing What Works!* provides effective student success strategies that are based on learning and motivational theories and original research studies. While learning about how to read and use scholarly sources, students build the knowledge, skills, and confidence needed to be successful in college.



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THIRD EDITION



Student Success in College



DOING WHAT WORKS!

CHRISTINE HARRINGTON

Center for Student Success at the New Jersey Council of County Colleges

Middlesex County College





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Brief Contents

Preface	IX
Part 1: Determining Your Path to Success	
Introduction: Getting Started	03
Chapter 1	
Discovering the Value of Education and Sharpening Key Thinking Skills	19
Chapter 2	
Setting Goals and Choosing a Career Path	47
Part 2: Strategies and Skills for Success	
Chapter 3	
Building Academic Skills	75
Chapter 4	
Strengthening Soft Skills	105
Chapter 5	
Demonstrating Knowledge and Skills	137
Part 3: Being Successful: Plans and Perseverance	
Chapter 6	
Mapping Your Path to Success: Plans and Action Steps	167
Chapter 7	
Staying on Track and Celebrating Success	201
Exploring the Research in Depth Appendix	235
Answer Key Appendix	281
References Index	289
Subject Index	301

Contents

Preface ix

PART Determining Your Path to Success

1

Introduction: Getting Started 3

College Expectations: Getting a Strong Start 4

The Syllabus 4 Campus and Community Resources 7

Value of the First-Year Seminar Course

Student Success Myths or Facts? Test Your Knowledge! 9

Success Strategies at a Glance 10

Chapter 1: Discovering the Value of Education and Sharpening Key Thinking Skills 19

Exploring the Research in Summary 20

Head, A. J. (2012). Learning curve: How college graduates solve information problems once they join the workplace. Project Information Literacy Research Report (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED536470).

Value of a College Education 21

Decision-Making 26

Information Literacy 28

What Is Information Literacy? 28 Websites and Evaluating Sources 31 Peer-Reviewed Journal Articles 31

What is a peer-reviewed journal article? 33 The parts or elements of research articles 34 Abstract and introduction 34 Method 35 Results 36 Discussion 37 Reading journal articles 38

Critical Thinking 39

What Is Critical Thinking? 39
Bloom's Taxonomy 40
The Process of Becoming a Critical Thinker 42
Foundational condition 1: Knowledge 42
Foundational condition 2: Self-efficacy 43
Foundational condition 3: Desire and drive 43

Learning condition 1: Challenging learning tasks and opportunities 43

Learning condition 2: Learning strategies and support 44

CHAPTER 1 • CHAPTER SUMMARY: Cornell Method Note-Taking Model 45

Chapter 2: Setting Goals and Choosing a Career Path 47

Exploring the Research in Summary 48

Morisano, D., Hirsh, J. B., Peterson, J. B., Pihl, R. O., & Shore, B. M. (2010). Setting, elaborating, and reflecting on personal goals improves academic performance. *Journal of Applied Psychology*, 95(2), 255–264.

Setting Goals 49

Importance of Goal Setting 49 The ABCS of Setting and Implementing Effective Goals 51 Aim high: Challenging goals are best! 52 Believe in yourself: Self-efficacy is key! 53 Care and commit: Motivation matters! 53 Specify and self-reflect: Monitoring your progress is important! 54

Career Exploration and Decision-Making 55

How Do We Make Career Decisions? 55 Social cognitive theory 58 Happenstance learning theory 59 Person-environment fit 59 Career Indecision 60 Self-Assessment 62 Exploring your values 62 Exploring your values 62 Exploring your abilities 63 Exploring your personality and interests 64 Learning about Careers 67 Career websites 67 Informational interviews 69

CHAPTER 2 • CHAPTER SUMMARY: Matrix Notes Note-Taking Model 71

PART 2 Strategies and Skills for Success

76

73

Chapter 3: Building Academic Skills

Exploring the Research in Summary

McDaniel, M. A., Howard, D. C., & Einstein, G. O. (2009). The read-recite-review study strategy: Effective and portable. *Psychological Science*, *20*(4), 516–522.

How Memory Works: Building Foundational Knowledge 77

The Memory Process 78 Encoding 78 Storage 78 Retrieval 80 Memory Strategies 80 Rehearsal 80 Elaboration 81 Chunking 81 Mnemonics 81 Retrieval practice 82

Active Reading Strategies 82

Power of Prior Knowledge 83 The 3R and SQ3R Reading Methods 84 Highlighting 85

Note-Taking 86

Preparing for and Participating in Class 86 Note-Taking Methods 88 Note-taking apps 89 Linear notes 90 Traditional outline 91 Digital notes 91 Cornell method 92 Concept maps 92 Matrix notes 92

Note-Taking Tips 94

Studying Strategies 95

We Are All Multisensory Learners Testing Your Knowledge Teaching to Learn and Study Groups Organizing and Making Connections

CHAPTER 3 • CHAPTER SUMMARY: Concept Map Note-Taking Model 102

75 Chapter 4: Strengthening Soft Skills 105

Exploring the Research in Summary 106

Clark, G., Marsden, R., Whyatt, J. D., Thompson, L., & Walker, M. (2015). 'It's everything else you do...': Alumni views on extracurricular activities and employability. *Active Learning in Higher Education*, *16*(2), 133–147. doi: 10.1177/1469787415574050. **106**

What Are Soft Skills? 108

Professionalism 110

Time and Project Management 112

Matching Use of Time with Values and Goals 113 Work-School-Life Balance 114 Meeting Deadlines 115 Make a prioritized to-do list 115 Develop a schedule 116 Combat procrastination 117 Avoid Multitasking: Single-Task It! 118

Interpersonal Skills 120

Communication and Conflict Management 120 Emotional Intelligence 124 Teamwork and Collaboration: The 5R Approach 125 Establish rapport 126 Develop group rules 127 Assign group roles 127 Get ready to work and support one another 128 Remember to evaluate 128 Diversity and Cultural Competence 129

Leadership 131

CHAPTER 4 • CHAPTER SUMMARY: Cornell Method Note-Taking Model 134

Chapter 5: Demonstrating Knowledge and Skills 137

Exploring the Research in Summary 138

Issa, N., Schuller, M., Santacaterina, S., Shapiro, M., Wang, E., Mayer, R., & DaRosa, D. (2011). Applying multimedia design principles enhances learning in medical education. *Medical Education*, 45(8), 818–826.

VI Contents

Purpose of Academic Tasks 139

Academic Integrity 141

What Is Academic Integrity? 141 Citing Sources and Paraphrasing 143

Papers and Presentations 145

Developing a Plan 145 The Writing Process 148 Presentations 151 Managing performance anxiety 151 Beginning and ending strong 152 Audience engagement 152 Using multimedia effectively 153

Test-Taking Strategies 156

Multiple-Choice Tests 156 Short-Answer and Essay Exams 158 Take-Home and Online Exams 160

CHAPTER 5 • CHAPTER SUMMARY: Digital Notes Note-Taking Model 162

PART **J** Being Successful: Plans and Perseverance 165

Chapter 6: Mapping Your Path to Success: Plans and Action

Steps 167

Exploring the Research in Summary 168

Celio, C. I., Durlak, J., & Dymnicki, A. (2011). A metaanalysis of the impact of service-learning on students. *Journal of Experiential Education*, 34(2), 164–181.

Creating an Academic Plan 169

Connecting with Your Advisor or Academic and Career Mentor 169 Understanding Curriculum Requirements 170 General education and major-specific coursework 171 Elective options: minors and double majors 172 Sequence and plan 172 Course format: online courses 173 Exploring Experiential Learning

Opportunities 176

Internships 176 Study abroad 177 Service learning 178

Career Planning: Discovering the Power of Networking 179

Importance of Networking 179 Creating a Professional Presence 180 Social media 181 Crafting an elevator speech 183 Expanding and Strengthening Your Network 184 Expanding your network 185 Mentoring relationships 185 Strengthening your network 187 Job Search Tips 187

Financial Planning 190

Financing Your Education 190 Return on Investment 192 Establishing Good Credit 194 Financial Planning and Budgeting 196

CHAPTER 6 • CHAPTER SUMMARY: Concept Map Note-Taking Model 199

Chapter 7: Staying on Track and Celebrating Success 201

Exploring the Research in Summary 202

Iglesias, S. L., Azzara, S., Squillace, M., Jeifetz, M., Lores Arnais, M. R., Desimone, M. F., & Diaz, L. E. (2005). A study on the effectiveness of a stress management programme for college students. *Pharmacy Education*, *5*(1), 27–31.

Reflecting on Progress 203

Self-Regulation 203 Cognitive feedback 204 Outcome feedback 205 The Accuracy of Self-Assessments 206 Making Mistakes: The Role of Attribution Theory 207

Staying Motivated 209

Behavioral Motivators 210 Cognitive Motivators 211 Self-efficacy 212 Humanistic Motivators 213 Maslow's hierarchy of needs 214 Self-determination theory 215 Social Motivators 215 Getting involved 215

Managing Stress 217

Stress Management Techniques 217 Mindfulness 219 Avoiding Unhealthy Behaviors: Substance Abuse 220

Being Resilient and Developing Grit 222

What Are Resilience and Grit? 222 Perseverance 223 Mindset 224 Seligman's learned optimism 224 Rotter's locus of control 225 Dweck's growth mindset 226 Support 227 Your support system 228 Campus support 229

Celebrating Success 230

CHAPTER 7 • CHAPTER SUMMARY: Matrix Notes Note-Taking Model 232

Exploring the Research in Depth Appendix 235

Howard, H. E., & Jones, W. P. (2000). Effectiveness of a freshmen seminar in an urban university: Measurement of selected indicators. *College Student Journal*, *34*, 509–515. **235** Travis, T. (2011). From the classroom to the boardroom: The impact of information literacy instruction on workplace research skills. *Education Libraries*, *34*(2), 19–31. **24**1

Deepa, S., & Seth, M. (2013). Do soft skills matter? Implications for educators based on recruiters' perspective. The IUP Journal of Soft Skills, 7(1), 7–20. 252

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Answer Key Appendix 281 References Index 289

Subject Index 301

Exploring the Research in Summary

Chapter 1: Discovering the Value of Education and Sharpening Key Thinking Skills Head, A. J. (2012). *Learning curve: How college graduates solve information problems once they join the workplace.* Project Information Literacy Research Report

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Chapter 3: Building Academic Skills

McDaniel, M. A., Howard, D. C., & Einstein, G. O. (2009). The read-recite-review study strategy: Effective and portable. *Psychological Science*, *20*(4), 516–522. **76**

Chapter 4: Strengthening Soft Skills

Clark, G., Marsden, R., Whyatt, J. D., Thompson, L., & Walker, M. (2015). 'It's everything else you do...': Alumni views on extracurricular activities and employability. *Active Learning in Higher Education, 16*(2), 133–147. doi: 10.1177/1469787415574050 106

Chapter 5: Demonstrating Knowledge and Skills

Issa, N., Schuller, M., Santacaterina, S., Shapiro, M., Wang, E., Mayer, R., & DaRosa, D. (2011). Applying multimedia design principles enhances learning in medical education. *Medical Education*, *45*(8), 818–826. **138**

Chapter 6: Mapping Your Path to Success: Plans and Action Steps

Celio, C. I., Durlak, J., & Dymnicki, A. (2011). A meta-analysis of the impact of service-learning on students. *Journal of Experiential Education*, *34*(2), 164–181. **168**

Chapter 7: Staying on Track and Celebrating Success

Iglesias, S. L., Azzara, S., Squillace, M., Jeifetz, M., Lores Arnais, M. R., Desimone, M. F., & Diaz, L. E. (2005). A study on the effectiveness of a stress management programme for college students. *Pharmacy Education*, *5*(1), 27–31. **202**

Preface

What Makes Student Success in College: Doing What Works! Unique?

An Academically Rigorous, Research-Based Approach

- Research-Based Strategies
- Original Research Studies: Students Learn How to Read Scholarly Sources

Just Seven Chapters Allows for Meaningful Exploration of Success Strategies

- More Time to Dive Deep into the Content
- Build Essential Information Literacy and Critical Thinking Skills

A Guided Pathways Framework That Helps Students Choose a Career Pathway

- Extensive Coverage of Career Theories and Exploration Process
- Academic, Financial, and Career Planning



ix





ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Dr. Christine Harrington is serving as the executive director of the New Jersey Center for Student Success at the New Jersey Council of County Colleges on a two-year term. In this position, she uses a guided pathways framework to increase successful experiences and outcomes at all 19 community colleges in New Jersey. Previously, Dr. Harrington has worked at Middlesex County College for 16 years as a professor of psychology, student success course coordinator, director of the Center for the Enrichment of Learning and Teaching, counselor, and disability service provider. Dr. Harrington was the 2016 recipient of the Excellence in Teaching First-Year Seminars award that was presented at the annual First-Year Experience conference. She also teaches graduate courses on teaching and learning at Rutgers University. Dr. Harrington frequently shares her expertise and passion about teaching, learning, and student success at national and local conferences as well as at colleges and universities across the United States. She is also the author of Dynamic Lecturing: Research-based Strategies to Enhance Lecture Effectiveness.



Tom Peterson

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I would also like to thank my many FYE colleagues across the nation for sharing their endless passion and ideas about how to best help students achieve their goals. I am particularly thankful for the collaborative partnerships with my colleagues at the New Jersey Council of County Colleges and across the state, the New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development, the Office of the Secretary of Higher Education, and the Department of Education. It is a true pleasure working with such wonderful colleagues across the state, my fellow executive directors in other states with Centers for Student Success, and national partners such as Jobs for the Future who are so committed to student success.

Thanks to Tom Peterson and Suzanne LoPorto for their incredible photographs in this text, and to the many students who appear in them. I would also like to thank Ryan Harrington and Aditya Shah for developing the index.

My students have always been, and will continue to be, a source of inspiration, but it is difficult to describe the positive feeling I experience when students share how this book has helped them achieve their goals. I am tremendously grateful for the positive feedback about the book as well as their suggestions about how to improve it. I am also thankful to the many reviewers whose feedback was incredibly valuable and helped strengthen this text.



An Academically Rigorous, Research-Based Approach

- Research-Based Strategies
 - Moving beyond advice, *Student Success in College: Doing What Works!* provides students with research-based strategies so that they can "Do What Works!" and successfully achieve their goals.
 - There are nearly 400 references, most from original research studies.

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- Exploring the Research in Summary
 - Every chapter begins with a summary of a research study on a related chapter topic.
 - This research article serves as a visual reminder that the strategies shared are based on research.
 - Research article summaries can also be a great way to engage students with the chapter content.

• Learning How to Read and Use Peer-Reviewed Research

- In Chapter 1, students will learn about peer-reviewed research, the different parts or elements of research studies, and how professionals read peer-reviewed research so that students feel confident in their ability to use and apply research.
- Original Research Studies: Exploring the Research in Depth

In the appendix, students will find numerous original research studies. Prior to each study, students will be guided through a four-step process:

- Engaging via prediction
- Critically thinking about the research
- Reading for key points
- Building information literacy skills

Just Seven Chapters Allows for Meaningful Exploration of Success Strategies

- No Need to Rush
 - Instead of rushing through a chapter or more each week during a 15- to 16-week term, instructors can spend up to two weeks on each chapter.
 - In a seven- to eight-week term, instructors can still spend a full week on each chapter.
 - Research shows that learning is more likely when we really engage with the content, which is achievable with the seven-chapter approach used in *Student Success in College: Doing What Works!*
- In-Depth Coverage of Content
 - Rather than bringing just surface-level coverage of every possible success topic, the seven-chapter approach in *Student Success in College: Doing What Works!* allows instructors and students to deeply explore the most essential success strategies:
 - Chapter 1: Value of education, decision-making, information literacy, and critical thinking
 - Chapter 2: Goals and career exploration
 - Chapter 3: Academic skills: Memory, reading, note-taking, and study strategies
 - Chapter 4: Soft skills: Professionalism, time and project management, interpersonal skills, and leadership
 - Chapter 5: Academic integrity, papers, presentations, and tests
 - Chapter 6: Academic, career, and financial planning
 - Chapter 7: Reflecting on progress, staying motivated, managing stress, and being resilient and developing grit



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• Flexibility

- Having only seven chapters allows time for instructors and students to introduce other topics, especially institution-specific content, that are deemed important without sacrificing learning of key success strategies.
- Increased Opportunity for Critical Thinking and Information Literacy
 - There's more time to deeply explore the research on success strategies using the original studies provided at the end of the book or students can search the library databases for additional research on topics of interest.

A Guided Pathways Framework That Helps Students Choose a Career Pathway

- Setting Effective Career and Academic Goals Using the ABCS Goal-Setting Framework
 - A research-based alternative to SMART goals, the ABCS approach to goal setting helps students set and monitor progress toward goals.
 - Aim high
 - Believe in yourself
 - Care and commit
 - Specify and self-reflect
- Mapping Your Path to Success: Academic, Financial, and Career Plans
 - While engaging in self-assessment and finding career information are important parts of the career planning process, *Student Success in College: Doing What Works!* goes above and beyond, bringing theory and research related to the career exploration process into practice. For example, students also learn how to:
 - Expand and strengthen their network
 - Create a professional presence
 - Choose courses and academic experiences that help them achieve their goal in a timely fashion
 - Understand the long-term financial implications of their choices today
 - Develop the following soft skills that are needed in most, if not all, careers: professionalism, time and project management, interpersonal skills, and leadership skills
- Staying on Track
 - Recognizing that life can sometimes get us off track, *Student Success in College: Doing What Works!* focuses on how to reflect on progress and make changes as needed, stay motivated, manage stress, be resilient, and develop grit.

How This Text Benefits Students

Choose a career pathway and related major	 Learn about ways to set goals, drive decision-making, and choose a path. Create an academic and career plan and get on track to a successful future early. 				
Practice success strategies	 Discover and practice key strategies that will be useful to get a degree, land a position aligned to your interests, and advance in your career. Use the end-of-chapter note-taking methods to focus on most important concepts and learn success strategies. Hone numerous soft skills that transfer to work, school, and life. Test knowledge with Quick Quizzes as a powerful way to study and learn. Author and student videos in MindTap help improve reading comprehension. Build information literacy skills by learning how to read and analyze peer-reviewed research articles and determine credible sources. Build critical thinking skills to use in conversation, courses, and meetings. 				
Monitor your progress	 With MindTap, easily see grades and track progress over the term. Assignments and assessments build knowledge and help you determine how well you are learning the course content. 				
How This Text Benefits Instructors					
Keep students engaged in class and online with author-created resources	 The Instructor Manual contains assignments, in-person activities, and online discussion boards that align to learning outcomes. Visually effective PowerPoint slides can be modified to fit your needs. Multimedia integration and customizability of MindTap offer endless possibilities for enriching learning with informative and engaging activities. 				
Test student knowledge	 A robust test bank of 100 questions for each chapter can be used within MindTap, your LMS, or be printed for in-class use. Quick Quizzes are placed throughout the text. 				

Track student progress

- The MindTap Progress App, or gradebook, offers tools to track student progress on assignments, grade activities, and map student engagement in the course.
- Offers individualized support to students based on their assessment results and engagement level.

Train faculty to achieve course learning outcomes

- Recognizing faculty development needs, Student Success in College: Doing What Works! comes with numerous teaching demonstration videos that can be used to train new faculty.
- Sample syllabi can be customized to match course goals.

What's New in the Third Edition?

- Improved organization and flow focuses first on helping students with determining their path to success, then building skills and strategies for success, and finally on developing plans and perseverance
- Revised organization aligned to guided pathways
- Increased career, academic, and financial planning coverage
- New chapter on soft skills
 - Professionalism
 - Time and project management
 - Interpersonal skills including communication, conflict management, emotional intelligence, teamwork and collaboration, and diversity and cultural competence
 - Leadership
- Increased focus on information literacy
- More Quick Quizzes to maximize student learning via the testing effect
- Updated research—Over 125 new references, mostly from original research studies
- Each chapter now begins with the Exploring the Research in Summary feature, keeping the research behind the strategies front and center for students
- Exploring the Research in Depth articles have been moved to an appendix, so they're centrally located and improve the flow within each chapter
- MindTap for *Student Success in College: Doing What Works!* has additional enhancements
 - Activities, known as Time for Actions in the previous edition, are now exclusively in MindTap to provide a consistent experience for students, who can then save and print their responses
 - Assessments have been digitized and moved exclusively into MindTap for ease of scoring and interpretation
 - An instructor resource center has been added, which includes content such as additional videos

Side-by-Side Comparison of Second and Third Editions

Second Edition	Third Edition	
	 Introduction: Getting Started College Expectations: Getting a Strong Start (moved from Chapter 1 plus new content on cam- pus and community resources) Value of the First-Year Seminar Course (moved from Chapter 1; 7 Smart Success Strategies now called Success Strategies at a Glance) 	
 Chapter 1: College Expectations: Being a Critical Thinker You've Made the Right Decision (still in Chapter 1) Faculty Expectations (moved to Introduction) Critical Thinking (still in Chapter 1) Active Reading (moved to Chapter 3) Peer-Reviewed Journal Articles (still in Chapter 1) Chapter 2: Skills You Need: Memory, Note-Taking, and Orel Line Tachning and States a	 Chapter 1: Discovering the Value of Education and Sharpening Key Thinking Skills Value of College Education (new focus on purpose and societal value) Decision-Making (moved from Chapter 7) Information Literacy (new section with some content from Chapter 4; includes Peer-Reviewed Journal Articles) Critical Thinking Chapter 2: Setting Goals and Choosing a Career 	
 and Studying Techniques How Memory Works (moved to Chapter 3) Note-Taking: Our Only Hope (moved to Chapter 3) Studying Approaches That Work (moved to Chapter 3) 	 Path Setting Goals (moved from Chapter 3) Career Exploration and Decision-Making (moved from Chapter 7 with new content on career indecision and how we make career decisions) 	
 Chapter 3: Setting Effective Goals and Making the Most of Your Time Power of Long- and Short-Term Goals (moved to Chapter 2) The ABCS of Setting and Implementing Effective Goals (moved to Chapter 2) Celebrating Progress and Achievement (moved to Chapter 7) Time Management (moved to Chapter 4) Organizational Tools (moved to Chapter 4) Avoid Multitasking: Single-Task It! (moved to Chapter 4) 	 Chapter 3: Building Academic Skills How Memory Works (moved from Chapter 2) Active Reading Strategies (moved from Chapter 1 plus new content on prior knowledge) Note-Taking (moved from Chapter 2) Study Strategies (moved from Chapter 2 plus an increased focus on teaching to learn) 	
 Chapter 4: It's Show Time: Papers, Presentations, and Tests Academic Integrity (moved to Chapter 5) Papers and Presentations (moved to Chapter 5) Test-Taking Strategies (moved to Chapter 5) Group Projects (still in Chapter 4) 	 Chapter 4: Strengthening Soft Skills New chapter What Are Soft Skills? (new content) Professionalism (new content) Time and Project Management (moved from Chapter 3 plus new content) Interpersonal Skills (moved from Chapter 4 plus new content on communication, conflict manage- ment, teamwork and collaboration, and diversity and cultural competence) Leadership (new content) 	

Second Edition	Third Edition	
 Chapter 5: Motivation, Resilience, and Stress Management: Strategies for When College and Life Get Challenging Motivation (moved to Chapter 7) Resilience (moved to Chapter 7) Stress Management (moved to Chapter 7) 	 Chapter 5: Demonstrating Knowledge and Skills Purpose of Academic Tasks (new content) Academic Integrity (moved from Chapters 1 and 4) Papers and Presentations (moved from Chapter 4) Tests (moved from Chapter 4) 	
 Chapter 6: How Are You Doing? Maximizing Learning via Self-Reflection The Academic Self-Regulation Process (moved to Chapter 7) The Accuracy of Self-Assessments (moved to Chapter 7) Making Mistakes: The Role of Attribution Theory (moved to Chapter 7) Self-Reflection Techniques (moved to chapter 7) 	 Chapter 6: Mapping Your Path to Success: Plans and Action Steps Creating an Academic Plan (moved from Chapter 7 plus new content on double majors and connecting with your advisor) Career Planning: Discovering the Power of Networking (new content on networking, elevator speech, expanding and strengthening your network and job search tips; plus creating a professional presence content moved from Chapter 7) Financial Planning (new content on financing your education, return on investment, and financial planning and budgeting; plus establishing good credit moved from Chapter 7) 	
 Chapter 7: Making Good Academic, Career, and Financial Decisions The Decision-Making Process (moved to Chapter 1) Academic Options (moved to Chapter 6) Career Decision-Making (moved to Chapter 2) Financial Decisions (moved to Chapter 6) 	 Chapter 7: Staying on Track and Celebrating Success Reflecting on Progress (moved from Chapter 6) Staying Motivated (moved from Chapter 5) Managing Stress (moved from Chapter 5) Being Resilient and Developing Grit (moved from Chapter 5 plus new content on grit) Celebrating Success (moved from Chapter 3) 	
	 Research in Depth Appendix Research in Depth articles moved to an appendix at the end of the text New Research Articles: Travis, T. (2011). From the classroom to the boardroom: The impact of information literacy instruction on workplace research skills. <i>Education Libraries, 34</i>(2), 19–31. Retrieved from ERIC database. Deepa, S., & Seth, M. (2013). Do soft skills matter? Implications for educators based on recruiters' perspective. <i>IUP Journal of Soft Skills, 7</i>(1), 7–20. Retrieved from Business Source Elite. Oliver, J., & Kowalczyk, C. (2013). Improving student group marketing presentations: A modified Pecha Kucha approach. <i>Marketing Education Review, 23</i>(1), 55–58. doi:10.2753/ MER1052-8008230109 	



PART

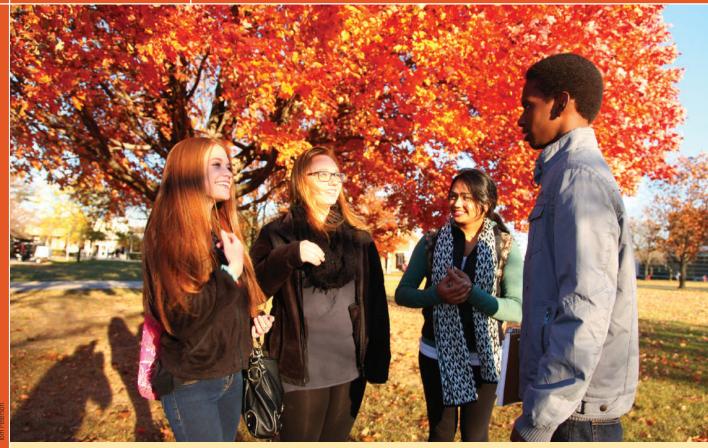
DETERMINING YOUR PATH TO SUCCESS:

Introduction: Getting Started

Chapter 1: Discovering the Value of Education and Sharpening Key Thinking Skills

Chapter 2: Setting Goals and Choosing a Career Path

Introduction: Getting Started



- , c
- 1 What are some of the differences between high school and college?
- 2 Why is the syllabus so important?
- 3 How can you find out what resources are available to you as a college student?
 - What does the research say about the first-year seminar course?
- 5 Why is it important to learn about research-based success strategies?

College Expectations: Getting a Strong Start



Tom Peterson

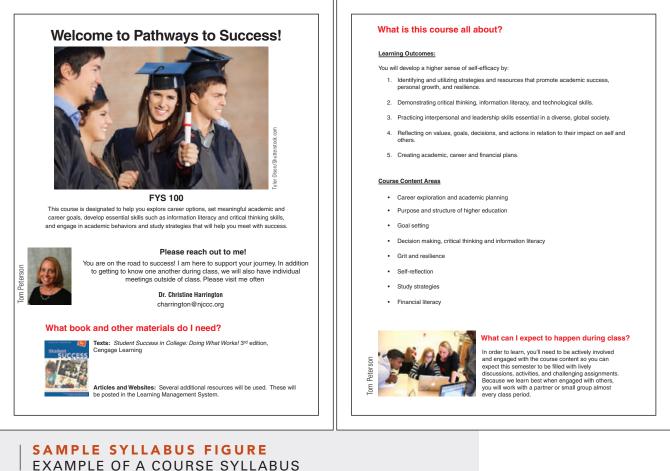
Learning about what is expected of college students, the differences between high school and college, and the importance of resources such as the syllabus will help you get off to the right start in college. As you know, college is quite different than high school. For starters, the schedule is significantly different, with some courses meeting only once or twice per week and classes often being longer in duration. A typical full-time college student is in class only for approximately 15–20 hours per week. However, college students are expected to engage in significant learning outside of the classroom. Most student success professionals and faculty recommend spending approximately 2-3 hours outside of class learning and studying for every hour you spend in class. Thus, if you are a full-time college student, a general rule of thumb is to plan to spend at least 30 hours per week engaged in studying behaviors outside of class. Keep in mind that the actual time needed for studying may vary from student to student and perhaps even from semester to semester based on factors such as how much you already know about a subject, the difficulty of the subject, and the nature of the assignments and tasks.

In college, you will have the opportunity to deeply engage with the content and complete tasks that will help you further develop high-level skills such as critical thinking. Take full advantage of these learning opportunities by:

- Taking time to fully understand what is expected of you
- Using research-based success strategies
- Putting high levels of effort into these tasks
- Knowing what resources are available to you and using these resources as needed

The Syllabus

The syllabus is an important resource that will help you understand what is expected of you (see Sample Syllabus Figure). The syllabus is typically posted in the course's learning management system or distributed on the first day of class. It provides you with an overview of the course, including a course description, contact information for your professor, resources you'll need, and the course learning outcomes. Learning outcomes are what your professors expect you to be able to know, think, or do as a result of taking the course. The learning outcomes are incredibly important because they capture the purpose of the course. When you look at your course learning outcomes, you'll discover that your professors are going to expect you to do much more than just memorize information; you will also need to think critically about different disciplines and create a variety of highlevel academic products. Focusing on what you will be learning will help you meet with success.



The syllabus also contains information about assignments and learning activities. Completing these tasks will help you achieve the course learning goals. To help you better understand expectations for assignments, your professors will often include detailed information about the assignment or rubrics in the syllabus. Rubrics are tools used to provide students with specific information about expectations related to the assignment, showing what you will need to do in order to earn a high grade and successfully accomplish the task. Rubrics are also used by professors during the grading process.

The syllabus will also provide you with information about how much each assignment counts toward the final grade. This refers to weighting. Different assignments are often weighted differently. For example, exams are typically weighted more heavily than quizzes, meaning exams count more than quizzes toward your final grade. To calculate your final grade, you will need to know the weighting for each category of assignments (i.e., quizzes, lab reports, exams, etc.) and how many of each type of assignment you will need to do throughout the semester. Many learning management systems automatically calculate your grade, but if this is not the case, you can use a grade calculator app for this purpose. Take a look at Grade Calculation Examples Table to see how weighting can impact your final grade.

Another key feature of the syllabus is the course outline; the course outline will provide you with a calendar for the course. It will include information about when topics will be addressed and due dates for assignments. As soon as you get copies

GRADE CALCULATION EXA Grade Calculation Exa					
Assignment	Grade Earned	Percentage toward Final Grade	Final Grade in Course: 87% B+		
Research paper	90	60			
Quizzes	70 70 70 70 70	10			
Final exam	86	30			
Grade Calculation Example 2					
Assignment	Grade Earned	Percentage toward Final Grade			
Research paper	90	15	Final Grade in Course: 79% C+		
Quizzes	70 70 70 70 70	45			
Final exam	86	40			

This table provides two grade calculation examples, demonstrating how the weighting of different assignment types results in different final grades.

of all of your syllabi, transfer the course calendar information, especially due dates, into a master calendar that you will use throughout the semester. Having important due dates on your calendar will help you keep track of what you need to do each week. The next step is planning when you will work on the assignments. In other words, schedule time to work on these activities in your calendar. Planning will help you complete assignments on schedule. The importance of the syllabus cannot be overstated—be sure to keep your syllabi in a safe place and regularly refer to them to stay on top of course requirements.

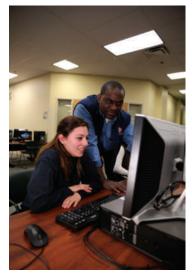
THE SYLLABUS: INFORMATION YOU NEED

- Overview of the course—course description, professor contact information, resources needed
- Learning outcomes—what you will learn
- Assignment and grading information
- Course outline and due dates

Campus and Community Resources

As you begin your first semester, it is important to know about the resources that are available to you as a college student. Successful individuals reach out for help when needed and it will be easier for you to reach out for assistance if you know about the different types of support services available on your campus. Check out your college website or ask your professor to learn about the various offices and departments on campus that can support you during college. For example, most colleges and universities offer a variety of support with academic tasks. Professional or peer tutors are typically available as are librarians and your college professors when you need assistance with completing academic assignments. Academic advisors and career counselors are available to help you develop an academic and career plan and develop networking skills. If you are struggling with personal issues, many colleges and universities offer confidential counseling on campus or can refer you to services in the local community. There are also a variety of specialized services such as Disability Services, Veteran Services, and Minority Student Affairs Services. If you are living on campus, you will also have access to a resident advisor who can help you find the support you are looking for. If you are a first-generation college student, it may be particularly important for you to connect with campus supports. By doing so, you can more quickly learn about how to transition to college effectively and develop a support system that will help you with this process.

During the first few weeks of college, investigate what services exist on your campus or in your local community. In addition to learning about the services provided, it is helpful to know where the services are located and their hours of operation. Knowing this information early on in the semester will make it easier for you to take advantage of these resources when needed.



Tom Peterson

Value of the First-Year Seminar Course

Research has consistently indicated that first-year seminar courses contribute to student success in college (Boudreau & Kromrey, 1994; Derby & Smith, 2004; Potts & Shultz, 2008). Studies have shown that this course is beneficial for students of all ability levels (Howard, 2000; Miller, Janz, & Chen, 2007). For example, researchers have found that students who took a first-year seminar course had higher grades and earned more credits early on, as compared to those who did not take the first-year seminar course, and that these academic advantages were long-lasting (Karp, Raufman, Efthimiou, & Ritze, 2015). Based on a review of research studies investigating the effectiveness of first-year seminars, Jaijairam (2016) noted the following benefits of the course:



• Better grades

• More likely to graduate on schedule

- More likely to reflect on academic performance and progress
- More likely to think critically
- More likely to participate in class
- Increased self-confidence
- Better sense of career options

Given this long list of benefits, it is not surprising that most colleges offer this type of course and many even require it. In fact, in a national survey, approximately 90% of the colleges that responded indicated that they offered a first-year seminar course at their institutions (Young & Hopp, 2014). The first-year seminar course helps students transition successfully to college.

As you are getting ready to embark on this challenging, yet exciting, journey called college, think about the topic of this text for a moment: student success. You probably already have an opinion about why some students are successful in college while others are not. Others do, too. You could walk up to 10 different people on the street and ask them what it takes to be successful in college, and you'll probably get 10 different answers. Our views, and personal advice, are often based on individual experiences. Unfortunately, just because a technique worked for someone else doesn't mean it will work for you. Research, on the other hand, is more powerful than advice. Information gathered from thousands of students makes it more likely that the techniques shown to be effective will also work for you. In other words, findings from research are typically more accurate and meaningful than advice from one person.

This text takes you beyond advice and into the science of success. It is filled with research-based information to help you succeed. In addition to learning about topics such as time management, goal setting, motivation, and study strategies, you will also learn about how to read and extract key information from scholarly sources such as peer-reviewed journal articles. Although this activity can definitely be a challenging one for new students, learning this skill early will serve you well in college. College professors will expect you to be able to read and use scholarly sources in your work, but there is often not much, if any, class time devoted to teaching you how to read research articles and extract the key information. This text will teach you strategies for reading these challenging articles, give you practice at summarizing the key points, and prompt you to think critically about the findings and their value. You will also build your information literacy skills by searching library databases to find additional research on student success topics. After this course, you'll be ready to include information from these sources in your papers and presentations, which will help you create successful academic products for your other classes.

WHY LEARNING ABOUT RESEARCH-BASED SUCCESS STRATEGIES IS IMPORTANT

- Sometimes well-intentioned advice is not accurate and therefore won't support your success.
- Research findings are often based on hundreds or thousands of students, making it more likely that the results will apply to you.

9

- Because researchers often carefully control and assess for many factors, it is more likely that the results are accurate.
- As you are learning about strategies that work, you are also increasing your skills related to being able to read and use scholarly sources. You will be able to use this new skill set as you prepare for papers and presentations in your other classes.
- Research-based student success studies will help you build your reading, critical thinking, and information literacy skills.
- Using strategies that really work will help you achieve your academic goals.

Taking this course will give you the skills and confidence you need to reach your goal. Specifically, you will learn that a variety of factors, such as using supports and resources, being motivated, making good decisions, managing time well, setting goals, thinking positively, and using effective study strategies, have been found to be connected to academic success (DeBerard, Speilmans, & Julka, 2004; Johnson, 1997; Lammers, Onwuegbuzie, & State, 2001; Murray & Wren, 2003). More good news—these factors are within your control. Once you are armed with solid, accurate information about how these factors contribute to success, you will be able to use this information to achieve your goals. In essence, you will be ready to "Do What Works!" Let's start by checking your current knowledge about what works.

Student Success Myths or Facts? Test Your Knowledge!

Myth or Fact? Decide whether you believe the following statements are true or false.

- **1.** Because the world is an ever-changing place, memorizing information is not that important.
- 2. Highlighting is one of the most effective reading strategies.
- **3**. Reading skills are the best predictor of how well you will comprehend what you read.
- **4.** Students who study alone are more productive and learn more than students who study with others.
- 5. The best way to study is to review and reread your notes.
- 6. Students today are much better at multitasking.
- 7. When taking a multiple-choice test, it is always best to "go with your gut" and stick with your first answer.
- 8. Professors expect you to use numerous quotations in your research papers.
- 9. Students are generally pretty accurate when predicting their grades in a course.
- 10. Being focused on grades will help you learn a lot and achieve at high levels.

Some of the information you learn from this text and your course will not be new to you—you have after all been a student for a long time. However, you might be surprised to find that you are using strategies that are only minimally effective. In fact, all of the Myth or Fact statements are false. For a sneak peek at strategies that work, check out the Success Strategies at a Glance for each chapter.



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